

Quantitative Techniques

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"Next Generation Protocols for Heterogeneous Systems"

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Agenda

- An overview of results (chronologically ordered)
 - Resource - Awareness
 - Probabilities
 - Time
- Open problems

Resources

@LCS18

• Das, Hoffmann, Pfenning: Work Analysis with Resource-Aware STs

- Static derivation worst-case bounds on work for communication

$$S, T ::= V \mid \oplus\{l_i^{q_i} : S\} \mid \&\{l_i^{q_i} : S\} \mid S \overset{q}{\multimap} T \mid S \otimes T \mid 1^q$$

potential energy to be transferred

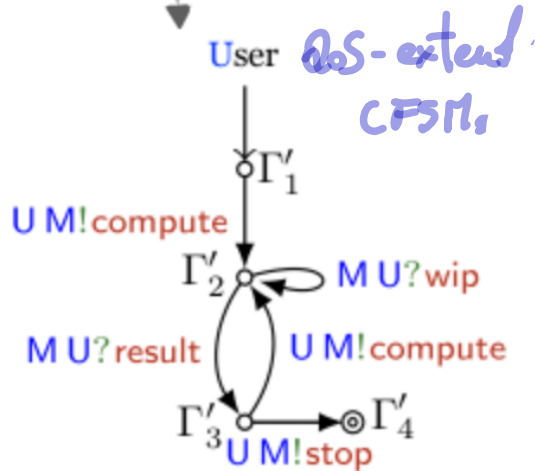
- thm Soundness: Well-typed processes don't "generate" energy
- thm Progress (direct consequence of progress in SILL
[Toninho, Cozma, Pfenning: ESOP13])
- Case Studies

- Das, Balaz, Hoffmann, Pfennig, Sauturkar: Resource-Aware STs for digital contracts
 - Nomos, a DSL to account for reqs of digital contracts by construction
 - a session typing discipline for resource-analysis
 - linearity to prevent duplication/deletion of assets
 - type reconstruction to automatically infer resource bounds
 - amortized resource analysis to control resource usage
 - Thm type preservation & Progress
 - Evaluation on case studies

Lopez Pombo, Martinez Suárez, - : A Dynamic Temporal Logic for QoS in Choreographic Models

Given a distributed system for which we know the quality of service (QoS) of its components, we want to verify system-wide quality properties.

QL logic



A QoS specification $\langle \Sigma, \Gamma \rangle$ is a (first-order) theory presentation

$$\Sigma = \langle \{0, 1\} \cup \mathbb{Q}, \{+, \cdot\} \cup \{\oplus^a\}_{a \in \mathbb{Q}}, \{<\} \rangle$$

$$\Gamma = \Gamma_{\text{RCF}} \cup \Gamma'$$

Axioms of Real Closed Fields

First-order formulae over \mathbb{Q}

Constant symbols representing QoS attributes

Aggregation operators

$$\Phi ::= \top \mid \psi \mid \neg \Phi \mid \Phi \vee \Phi \mid \Phi \mathcal{U}^G \Phi$$

First-order formula over \mathbb{Q}

Global choreography

Bounded MC (now implemented in ChozGram)

Probabilities

@FROM 19
@WOLLIC22

Amendol, Ciobanu: Probabilities in STs

<i>Global</i>	$G ::= \sum_{i \in I} q \rightarrow_{\delta_i} q' : k\langle S_i \rangle . G_i$	(probValues)
	$ \quad q \rightarrow_1 q' : k\langle T @ p \rangle . G'$	(delegation)
	$ \quad \sum_{i \in I} q \rightarrow_{\delta_i} q' : k\{l_i : G_i\}$	(probBranching)
	$ \quad G, G'$	(parallel)
	$ \quad \mu t . G$	(recursive)
	$ \quad t$	(variable)
	$ \quad \text{end}$	(end)
<i>Sorts</i>	$S ::= \text{bool} \mid \text{nat} \mid \dots$	(value types)

probability interval

Synchrony

prob. choices are distributions

Thm Well-typed progs. don't have "probability errors"

The WOLLIC paper simplifies things using the ECOOP 22 paper of Darda, Hu, Scalas, and Yoshida

- Inverso, Helgati, Palovani, Tamburini, - : Probabilistic Analysis of Binary Sessions

Reasoning about session termination ... probabilistically

$$T, S ::= \overset{co}{\circ} \mid \bullet \mid ?t.T \mid !t.T \mid T_p \& S \mid T_p \oplus S$$

\uparrow success
 \uparrow tech. covariance

Session types \rightarrow DTMCs

\searrow also infinitary ones

Thm Typing ensures that the prob. beh. of processes respect their type

- Borbó, Francalanza, Scales, Tamburini, - : PSTMonitor: Monitor Synthesis from PST

• Dal Lago, Giusti: On Session Typing, Prob. Polynomial Time, and cryptb. ex.

• Binary STs to model cryptographic experiments

• Extend [Caixa, Pfennig CONCUR10] with

- polytime functions

- probabilistic choice

} building blocks of cryptographic protocols

Thm Subject reduction & progress of well-typed progs.

Thm Well-typed progs are **confluent**

internal actions lead to a unique distribution of processes

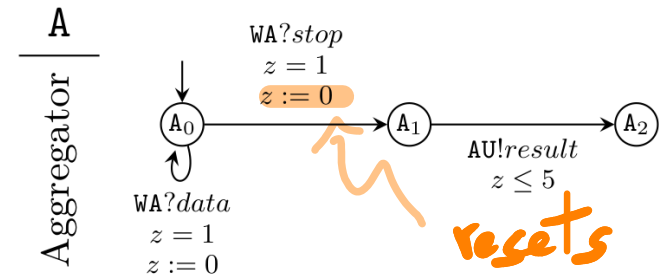
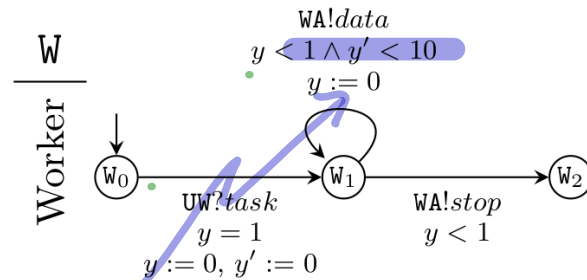
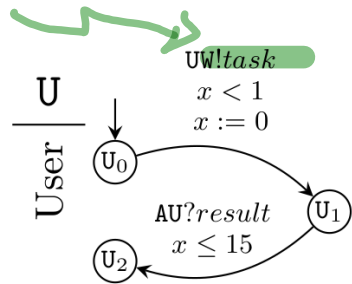
- Das, Wang, Hoffmann: Probabilistic Resource Aware STs
 - Resource analysis of probabilistic systems via binary P STs
 - P ST to derive expected cost bounds of message-passing systems extending the STs in the author's LCS 18 paper
 - Both probabilistic and non-deterministic choice
 - Type preservation, progress, probability consistency
 - $\text{Kruso} \text{ }_{20}$ with implementation and extensive evaluation

Time

Communicating Timed Automata

Bocchi, Lange, Yoshida @ CONCUR 2015

I/O actions



time constraints / guards
on (partitioned) clocks

$$g ::= x \leq c \mid x \geq c \mid \neg g \mid g \wedge g$$

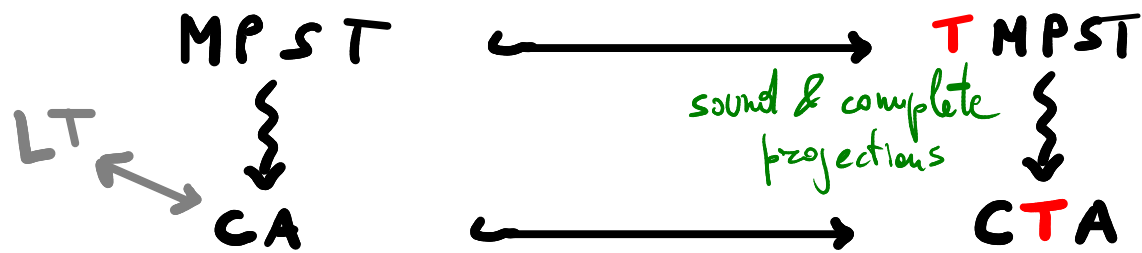
↖ clock
↖ rational value

Evaluations

$$\nu : x \mapsto z \in \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$$

Asynchronous communication!

Bocchi, Yang, Yoshida: Timed Multiparty Session Types



- time annotation increases expressiveness
- but time-error freedom with no "time-analysis"

Thm Typed programs respect timing

thm Feasibility + Wait-freedom \Rightarrow

partial timed executions can be completed

if senders respect their timing then receivers don't have to wait

time progress of typed progs
timed deadlock \Downarrow
untimed deadlock

Bocchi, Lange, Yoshida: Meeting Deadlines Together

CFSMs/TA \longleftrightarrow CTA

sound membership decision procedure {

- safety = $\begin{matrix} \text{deadlock freedom} \\ + \\ \text{no orphan msg.} \end{matrix}$
- eventual reception
- progress
- non-zenoness

> sufficient cond.

multi party compatibility

Thm: An M.C. system is safe

Thm: S M.C. \implies S $\overset{\sim}{\sim}$ STS(s) \downarrow
 \nearrow timed bisimilarity

• Neykova, Bocchi, Yoshida: Timed Runtime Monitoring for Multiparty Conversations

• tool chain for timed interaction

- define timed protocols in Scribble

- check for feasibility & wait-freeness

- projections

- derive monitor to check timing

• Bertolletti, Cimoli, Murgia: Timed Session Types

(synchronous)

• Binary case is interesting:

- is compatibility decidable in **TST**?

- duality doesn't yield compatibility

↙ deadlock freedom

- can compliant timed counterparts be found?

Thm T-Compliance reduced to model-check deadlock freedom in timed-automata (\rightarrow decidable)

thm The set of evaluations of a TST admitting a compliant TST is effectively computable

Coz Canonical compliant TST can be computed

thm Subtyping is decidable

@ ICFP 18
@ SPLATP 19

- Murgia: Input Urgent Semantics for async TST

Synchronous compliance $\not\Rightarrow$ Asynchronous compliance
the implication holds if fireable inputs are not delayed

@ CONCUR 18

- Bartoletti, Bocchi, Murgia: Progress-preserving Refinements of CTA
Refinements of CTA that $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{don't introduce deadlocks/livelocks} \\ \text{are simulated by abstract systems} \end{array} \right.$ \leftarrow not "really" timed STs

@ ESOP 19

- Bocchi, Murgia, Vasconcelos, Yoshida: Asynchronous Timed Session Types
Generalisation of duality & compliance based on
a urgent semantics

Das, Hoffmann, Pfenning: Parallel Complexity analysis with **Temporal** STs

- Binary asynchronous STs with LTL-like modalities

- $\circ A$ inhabited by processes of the form

prefiring depends on the cost model \rightarrow **delay**; P $\xrightarrow{\text{after a time unit!}}$ P behaves as A

- $\square A$ = "always ready to do A "

- $\diamond A$ = "eventually ready to do A "

• Generic framework for cost analysis

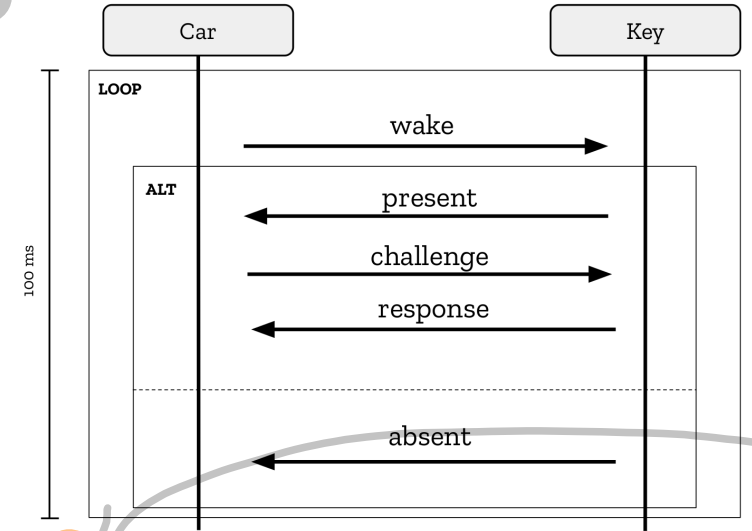
• Well-typed programs enjoy progress & type-preservation

• The cost model can be parameterised

Irachi, Chuang, Hu, Ziarek: Validating IoT devices with **Rate-based** STs

IoT

Grant Iraci, Cheng-En Chuang, Raymond Hu, and Lukasz Ziarek



- Synchronous binary STs to reason about rates
- Simple extension; periodic recursion

$T\text{-Car} = \omega_{100} t. !\text{wake} . \& \{ \text{present} : !\text{challenge} . ?\text{response} . t ; \text{absent} : t \}$
 $T\text{-Key} = \omega_{100} t. ?\text{wake} . \oplus \{ \text{present} : ?\text{challenge} . !\text{response} . t ; \text{absent} : t \}$

$\omega_n t. !m . t \neq \omega_n t. !m . !m . t$
because rates differ!

then Well-typed systems don't have rate-errors

• Pears, Bocchi, King: Safe asynchronous mixed-choice ...

• Extend mixed sessions [Vasconcelos et al. ESOP20]
to allow mixed choice in TSTs

Thm Well-typed systems have progress

↖ assuming urgent inputs

Open Problems
(?)

Time

- (Inter)action duration
- CPS challenges
- asynchronous so typing
- Relativity

- Tooling

Probabilities

- Relative express.
- Rates

- binary \rightsquigarrow M.P.

Resources

- Cost analysis for QoS
- Data dependent QoS

- cross cut
time / prob. / resources

Thank you

Details

- Asym c.
- Glob. time
- non-unique typing

$G ::= p \rightarrow q : \{ l_i : \langle S_i \rangle \} A_i : \{ C_i \}_{i \in I}$
| $\mu t. G$
| t
| end

$(\delta_0, \lambda_0, \delta_I, \lambda_I)$

$\oplus/\&$
 $T ::= p \square \{ l_i : \langle S_i \rangle \} B_i : \{ T_i \}_{i \in I}$
| $\mu t. T$
| t
| end

(δ, λ)

Thm: M.C. & Interaction Enabledness \Rightarrow Progress

1. a machine in a sending state eventually sends
2. every sent message can be received in the future

ZENO!!!!!!

& bottom UP!!!

CONCUR 15

"M.C., which characterizes a sound & complete correspondence with MPSTs, soundly characterizes safe GTAs and offers a basis for decidable decision procedures for progress & non-zenoness"

Open problems

- Relative expressiveness e.g. OOPSALA 23 vs ICFP 18
- Does relative time make sense?
- More expressive constraints?
- Shared clocks?

communication duration

• not much tooling